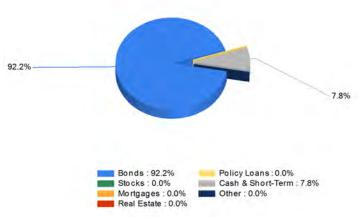
# **Omaha Ins Co**

Group Affiliation: Address:	Mutual of Omaha Group Mutual of Omaha Plaza Omaha NE 68175		Domicile: NAIC Number: Year Established:
Phone:	402-342-7600		Company Type:
Ratings			Assets & Liabilities
A.M. Best Company(Be Weiss(Safety Rating, 1		NR B- (6)	Total Admitted Assets Total Liabilities

## **Invested Asset Distribution**

## **Total Invested Assets**





Distribution of the invested assets

## **Non-Performing Assets**

Bonds In or Near Default	0.0%
Problem Mortgages	0.0%
Real Estate Acquired by Foreclosure	0.0%
Total Non-Performing Assets/Surplus & AVR	0.0%
As a Percent of Invested Assets	0.0%

## Income & Earnings

Total Income	221,840
Net Premiums Written	83,798
Earnings Before Dividends and Taxes	1,069
Net Operating Earnings	-1,015

# 13100 2006 Stock 97,122 49,716 Separate Accounts

## **5 Year Investment Yields**

As % of General Account Assets

**Total Surplus & AVR** 

5 Year Average

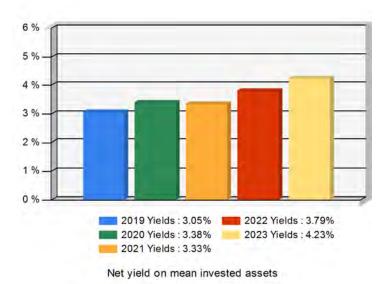
3.56%

NE

0

47,907

49.3%







Distribution of bond classes

A Best's Financial Strength Rating opinion addresses the relative ability of an insurer to meet its ongoing insurance obligations. It is not a warranty of a company's financial strength and ability to meet its obligations to policyholders. View our Important Notice: Best's Credit Ratings for a disclaimer notice and complete details at http://www.ambest.com/ratings/notice.

Data for Year-End 2023 from the life insurance companies' statutory annual statements. All dollar amounts are in thousands. All ratings shown are current as of October 31, 2024.

Presented by: www.fmiAgent.com, Financial Markets Inc, PO BOX 3980, RAPID CITY, SD 57709 Phone: 605-342-2438 Email: Marketing@fmiAgent.com

## **List of Company Ratings**

Company:	Omaha Ins Co
Domicile:	NE
Established:	2006

#### Weiss Safety Rating

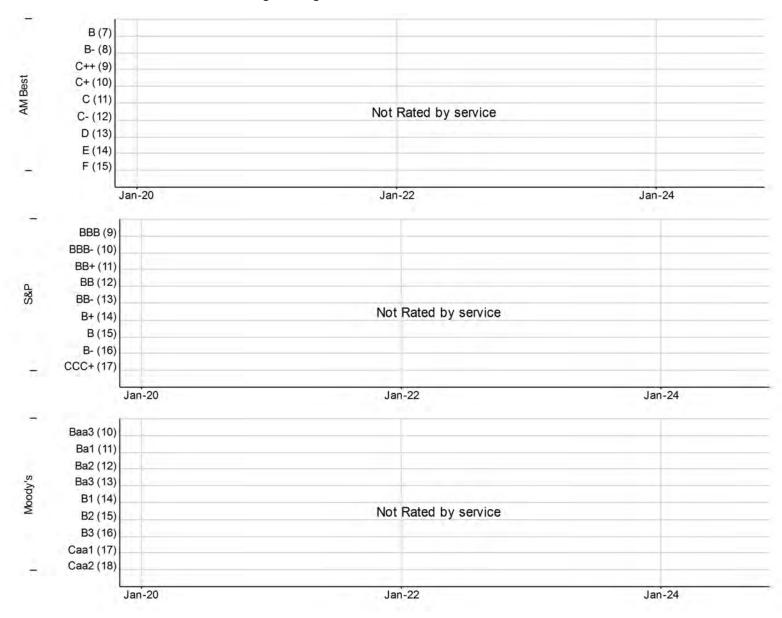
B- (6)

Good. The company offers good financial security and has the resources to deal with a variety of adverse economic conditions. It comfortably exceeds the minimum levels for all of our rating criteria, and is likely to remain healthy for the near future. However, in the event of a severe recession or major financial crisis, we feel that this assessment should be reviewed to make sure that the firm is still maintaining adequate financial strength.

Watch list identifiers follow the ratings if the company is on the rating service's watch list. The identifier indicates a possible upgrade (w+), downgrade (w-), or unknown change (w).

The ratings on this report are current as of October 31, 2024. These ratings have been selected by your life insurance advisor from among the ratings assigned to this insurer.

## Ratings History - Omaha Ins Co (NAIC #13100) Ratings Changes from November 2019 to November 2024

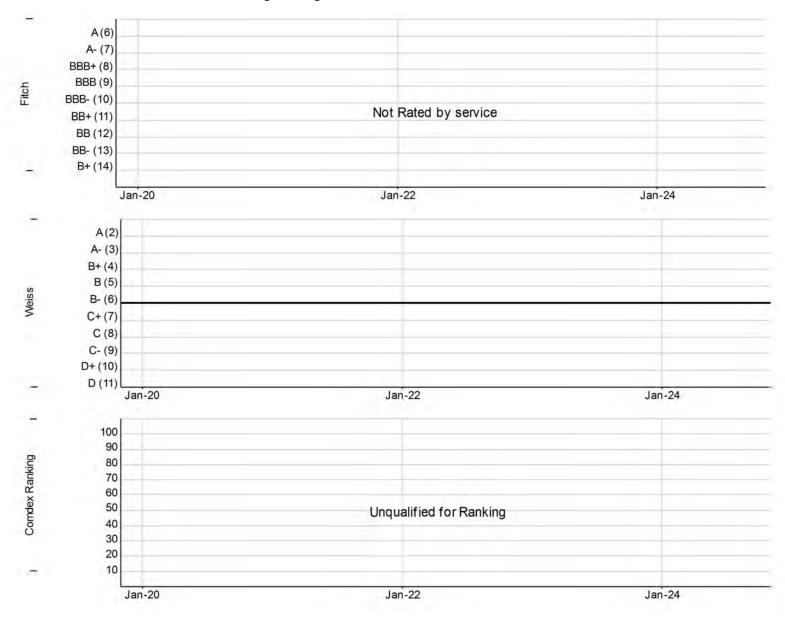


\* - Represents Not Rated or Dropped Rating.

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Current ratings as of October 31, 2024. This information represents only one aspect of a company's performance. Presented by: www.fmiAgent.com, Financial Markets Inc, PO BOX 3980, RAPID CITY, SD 57709 Phone: 605-342-2438 Email: Marketing@fmiAgent.com

## Ratings History - Omaha Ins Co (NAIC #13100) Ratings Changes from November 2019 to November 2024



\* - Represents Not Rated or Dropped Rating.

Current ratings as of October 31, 2024. This information represents only one aspect of a company's performance. Presented by: www.fmiAgent.com, Financial Markets Inc, PO BOX 3980, RAPID CITY, SD 57709 Phone: 605-342-2438 Email: Marketing@fmiAgent.com

# List of Possible Ratings

	A.M.Best	Standard & Poor's	Moody's	Fitch Ratings	KBRA	Weiss
1.	A++	AAA	Aaa	AAA	AAA	A+
	Superior	Extemely Strong	Exceptional	Exceptionally Strong	Extemely Strong	Excellent
2.	A+	AA+	Aa1	AA+	AA+	A
	Superior	Very Strong	Excellent	Very Strong	Very Strong	Excellent
3.	A	AA	Aa2	AA	AA	A-
	Excellent	Very Strong	Excellent	Very Strong	Very Strong	Excellent
4.	A-	AA-	Aa3	AA-	AA-	B+
	Excellent	Very Strong	Excellent	Very Strong	Very Strong	Good
5.	B++	A+	A1	A+	A+	B
	Very Good	Strong	Good	Strong	Strong	Good
6.	B+	A	A2	A	A	B
	Good	Strong	Good	Strong	Strong	Good
7.	B	A-	A3	A-	A-	C+
	Fair	Strong	Good	Strong	Strong	Fair
8.	B-	BBB+	Baa1	BBB+	BBB+	C
	Fair	Good	Adequate	Good	Good	Fair
9.	C++	BBB	Baa2	BBB	BBB	C-
	Marginal	Good	Adequate	Good	Good	Fair
10.	C+	BBB-	Baa3	BBB-	BBB-	D+
	Marginal	Good	Adequate	Good	Good	Weak
11.	C	BB+	Ba1	BB+	BB+	D
	Weak	Marginal	Questionable	Moderately Weak	Marginal	Weak
12.	C-	BB	Ba2	BB	BB	D-
	DWeak	Marginal	Questionable	Moderately Weak	Marginal	Weak
13.	D	BB-	Ba3	BB-	BB-	E+
	Poor	Marginal	Questionable	Moderately Weak	Marginal	Very Weak
14.	E	B+	B1	B+	B+	E
	Under State Supervision	Weak	Poor	Weak	Weak	Very Weak
15.	F	B	B2	B	B	E-
	In Liquidation	Weak	Poor	Weak	Weak	Very Weak
16.		B- Weak	B3 Poor	B- Weak	B- Weak	F Failed
17.		CCC+ Very Weak	Caa1 Very Poor	CCC+ Very Weak	CCC Very Weak	
18.		CCC Very Weak	Caa2 Very Poor	CCC Very Weak	CC Extremely Weak	
19.		CCC- Very Weak	Caa3 Very Poor	CCC- Very Weak	C Lowest	
20.		CC Extremely Weak	Ca Extremely Poor	CC Extremely Weak		
21.			C Lowest	C Distressed		

#### Ratings

The ratings from five rating services are presented, if available. The composite index, Comdex, is the average percentile ranking of all of the ratings received by a company. The Comdex Ranking indicates on a scale of 1 to 100 where the company ranks among 1,100 companies that have been rated.

Watch list identifiers follow the ratings if the company is on the rating service's watch list. The identifier indicates a possible upgrade (w+), downgrade (w-), or unknown change (w).

The Numerical Equivalence is the number which is shown in parentheses next to each rating indicating where that rating ranks within that particular rating service's scale. The total number of ratings available is listed in parentheses after the ratings service.

#### Assets Analysis

#### **Total Admitted Assets:**

Assets permitted to be included in an insurance company's annual statement. This item also includes separate accounts.

#### **Total Liabilities:**

Funds required for payment of future claims and expenses, including Asset Valuation Reserve (AVR).

#### Separate Accounts:

Assets dedicated and matched to specific liabilities, such as variable life insurance policies.

#### Total Surplus & AVR:

The sum of Capital and Surplus, and Asset Valuation Reserve (AVR). AVR is the reserve for potential losses in invested assets.

#### Surplus & AVR as % of General Account Assets:

Total Surplus & AVR as a percent of general account assets. Higher numbers represent greater protection for the policyholder.

#### Invested Assets:

Total income-producing assets. Invested Assets refer to things such as bonds, stocks, cash, and income-producing real estate.

#### Distribution of Invested Assets:

The percentage of each category of investments to the total invested assets.

#### Net Yield on Mean Invested Assets:

Net investment income expressed as a percent of mean cash and invested assets plus accrued investment income minus borrowed money.

#### **Total Investment Return:**

The net yield plus realized and unrealized capital gains and losses, minus transfers to Interest Maintenance Reserve (IMR), plus amortization of IMR.

#### Asset Growth:

1-year and 3-year compound growth for total admitted assets and total surplus & AVR.

#### Asset Quality Analysis

#### Non-Investment Grade Bonds (Class 3-6):

The NAIC divides bonds into six categories. Classes 1 and 2 are considered investment grade, classes 3 through 6 are below investment grade. Generally, non-investment grade bonds carry higher default and illiquidity risks.

#### Non-Investment Grade Bonds / Total Bonds:

The sum of bonds in classes 3 through 6 divided by total bonds.

#### Non-Investment Grade Bonds / Surplus & AVR:

The sum of bonds in classes 3 through 6 divided by surplus & AVR.

## Non-Performing Bonds / Total Bonds:

Class 6 bonds are "In or Near Default". This is the percentage of the bond portfolio that is considered non-performing.

## Non-Performing Bonds / Surplus & AVR:

Class 6 bonds divided by surplus & AVR.

## Non-Performing Mortgages & Real Estate / Total Mortgages & Real Estate:

This is the percentage of the mortgage and real estate portfolio that is considered non-performing. This includes mortgages that are 90 days overdue or in foreclosure and real estate acquired through foreclosure.

### Non-Performing Mortgages & Real Estate / Surplus & AVR:

Mortgages 90 days overdue or in foreclosure and foreclosed real estate divided by surplus & AVR. Non-Performing Assets / Surplus & AVR:

Bonds in or near default (Class 6), mortgages 90 days overdue or in foreclosure, and real estate acquired by foreclosure are each presented as a percent of surplus & AVR.

#### Total Non-Performing Assets / Surplus & AVR:

Total non-performing bonds, mortgages and real estate as a percent of surplus & AVR, and then as a percentage of invested assets.

## **Bond Portfolio Analysis**

#### **Total Bonds Book and Market Value:**

The total book value and market value of bonds, and the ratio of market value to book value.

## Bond Quality Distribution:

The percentage of bonds in each of the six NAIC classes.

## Weighted Bond Class:

Indicates the average NAIC class for each dollar invested in bonds.

### **Bond Maturity Distribution:**

The distribution of bonds by number of years to maturity.

## Weighted Bond Maturity:

Indicates the average number of years to maturity for each dollar invested in bonds.

### **Operating Income Analysis**

### Total Income:

Total income from all sources.

#### **Total General Expenses:**

Total general expenses incurred. This includes investment expenses.

### Total General Expenses / Total Income:

Total general expenses as a percent of total income.

## Earnings Before Policy Dividends and Taxes:

Net gain from operations before policy dividends and federal income taxes.

## Policy Dividends:

Amount paid out as policy dividends, and as a percent of earnings.

### Pretax Earnings from Operations:

Net gain from operations after policy dividends and before federal income taxes.

### Federal Income Taxes:

Amount paid in federal income tax, and as a percent of pre-tax earnings.

#### Net Earnings from Operations:

Earnings before policy dividends and taxes minus policy dividends and federal income taxes.

#### Net Realized Capital Gains:

The total capital gain (or loss) on assets sold during the year.

#### Net Income:

The total after-tax earnings generated from operations and realized capital gains.

#### Net Income as % of Admitted Assets:

Net income divided by total admitted assets.

#### Unrealized Capital Gains:

The total capital gain (or loss) on assets that remain in the investment portfolio.

### Premium Growth

#### Premium Growth:

1-year and 3-year compound growth for Total Premium Income (premiums and annuity considerations only) and Ordinary Life Premium.

### Profitability

#### Return on Assets:

Net earnings from operations divided by the prior year's Total Admitted Assets.

#### Return on Equity:

Net earnings from operations divided by the prior year's capital & surplus.

#### Lapse Ratio:

The percentage of ordinary life policies that lapsed during the year, and the average for three years.

#### Interest Margin:

Net Investment Income and Required Interest are as reported. The Interest Margin is the Net Investment Income less Required Interest as a percent of Required Interest.

#### Ordinary Life Expenses/Premiums:

Ordinary Life insurance expenses as a percent of Ordinary Life Premiums.

#### **Total General Expenses / Total Income:**

Total general expenses as a percent of total income.

#### **Commissions & General Exp./Total Income:**

Commissions and total general expenses as a percent of total income.

### Analysis of Face Amount of Insurance

### Total Insurance In Force:

The dollar amount of life insurance that a company has issued.

#### In Force Distribution:

Each category (ordinary, group and other) is presented as a percent of the total amount in force.

#### Total Reinsurance Ceded:

Total face amount of insurance ceded to reinsurers.

#### % of In Force Ceded:

Each category (ordinary, group and other) is presented as a percent of the total face amount of insurance in force in that category.

#### Average Policy Size:

The number of ordinary life policies and the average policy size for total in force and new policies issued.

### Analysis by Line of Business

### Net Premiums Written:

The total premium written, direct and reinsurance assumed, less reinsurance ceded. **Distribution:** 

Each category is presented as a percent of the net premium income.

### Net Earnings from Operations:

Net earnings after dividends and taxes.

## Distribution:

Each category is presented as a percent of the net gain from operations.